Aim: To what extent were the Radical Republicans successful in transforming the American South?

Today: Friday October 12, 2018

- **Do Now:** Define each of the following:
  - Political
  - Social
  - Economic
- **Homework:** Due Fri 10/12
- **Textbook Homework #3**
  - Read 560-565
  - Page 560: Reading Strategy
  - Page 564 Questions 2, 4 & 6
  - Define: Homestead Act

HOMEWORK FROM LAST NIGHT

**Textbook Homework #2**

- **Wed 10/10:** Textbook pages 552-557
  - Page 557: Questions 3&5
- Define: Transcontinental Time Zone
- **Wed 10/17:** Test Corrections Due
Political, Social, & Economic

- **Political**: Dealing with government
  - Elections/political parties: trying to gain control/influence over government.

- **Social**: How people are categorized. Involves interactions between people and arrangements people develop to manage those interactions (outside of government).
  - How we categorize people (race, religion, gender, education)

- **Economic**: how people try to satisfy their needs and wants with limited resources
  - Jobs people do, trade, business
270 To Win

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<th>Social Changes</th>
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<td>What outside information can you include that is not included in the documents.</td>
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Introduction

• Historical Context
• Thesis Statement
Historical Context

• Since the birth of the United States, African-Americans were enslaved in the American South. During the mid-1800s many people known as abolitionists tried to bring an end to slavery. Their actions helped bring about the Civil War between Northern states and Southern slaveholding states. After the North was victorious and the Union saved, people in government known as Radical Republicans tried to “reconstruct” the south and expand the rights of African-Americans. Although the Radical Republicans were initially successful in transforming the South during the period of Reconstruction, in the long run, by 1900, they failed to change the region economically, politically, and socially.
Thesis Statement

• Descriptive thesis – Although the Radical Republicans were initially successful in transforming the South during the period of Reconstruction, in the long run, by 1900, they failed to change the region economically, politically, and socially.

• Analytical thesis - Although the Radical Republicans were initially successful in transforming the South during the period of Reconstruction, in the long run, by 1900, they failed to change the region economically, politically, and socially because of violence and the passage of laws by southern states that re-established white supremacy.
Thesis Statement

• A thesis statement provides the main idea of the essay.
• It offers a concise summary of the main point of the essay
SHARECROPPERS’ CYCLE OF POVERTY

By the time sharecroppers had shared their crops and paid their debts, they rarely had any money left. A sharecropper became tied to one plantation, having to work until his debts were paid.

1. Sharecropper receives land and seed. In exchange, he promises landowner half the crop.

2. Sharecropper buys food and clothing on credit from landowner’s store.

3. Sharecropper plants and harvests crop.

4. Sharecropper gives landowner crop to sell. Sharecropper gets half the earnings, minus his debt for the year.

5. When settling up, landowner says that sharecropper owes more than he has earned.

6. To pay debt, sharecropper promises landowner a greater share of next year’s crop.
What is sharecropping?

• Farmer rented land from landlord
  • Agreed to give landlord a portion of his crop at harvest time
  • Sold remaining crop
• Farmer also bought seed, tools, food, etc. on credit.
  • Paid off debt with remaining income
  • Cycle of poverty and debt