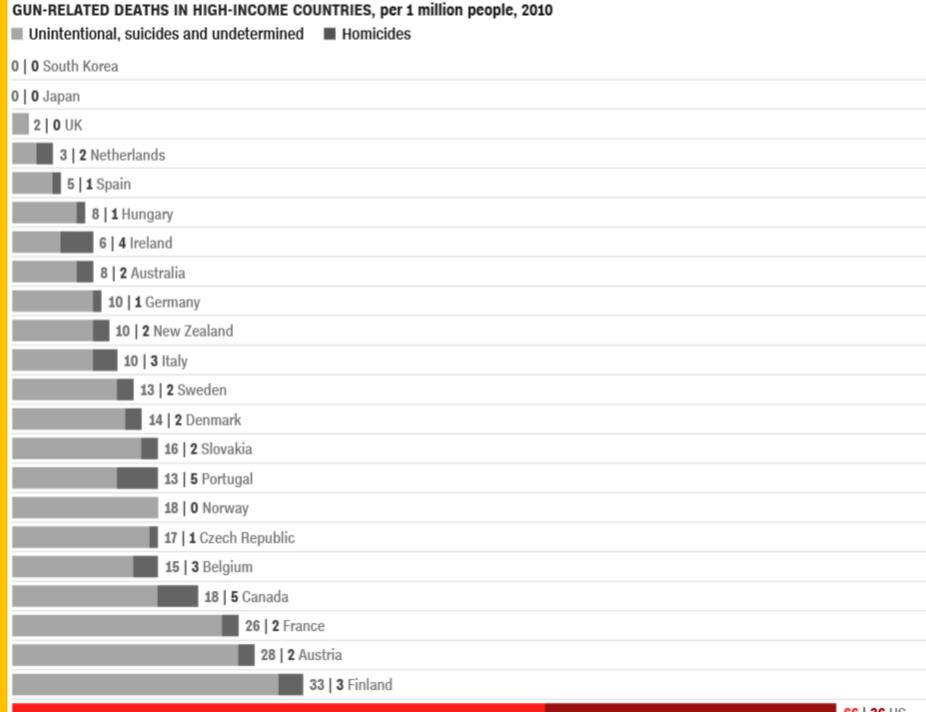
Aim: Could gun control work in the U.S. today?

Thurs 12/19: Exam - Individual Rights and The Courts

Top 20 countries for firearms death rate, 2016

- 1	Р	В	5	O
	N	E	W	ľS
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			HOOK
Rank	Country	Deaths per 100,000	Total Deaths
1	El Salvador	39.2	2,500
2	Venezuela	38.7	12,800
3	Guatemala	32.3	5,090
4	Colombia	25.9	13,300
5	Greenland	25.9	13
6	Honduras	22.5	1,780
7	Virgin Islands, U.S.	21.3	23
8	Brazil	19.4	43,200
9	Jamaica	18.1	533
10	Puerto Rico	17.1	637
11	Afghanistan	14.2	4,050
12	Belize	14.2	52
13	The Bahamas	13.6	58
14	Trinidad and Tobago	12.7	183
15	Mexico	11.8	15,400
16	Panama	11.0	450
17	Paraguay	10.7	716
18	Guyana	10.7	79
19	Dominican Republic	10.6	1,110
20	United States	10.6	37,200



2nd Amendment

 A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

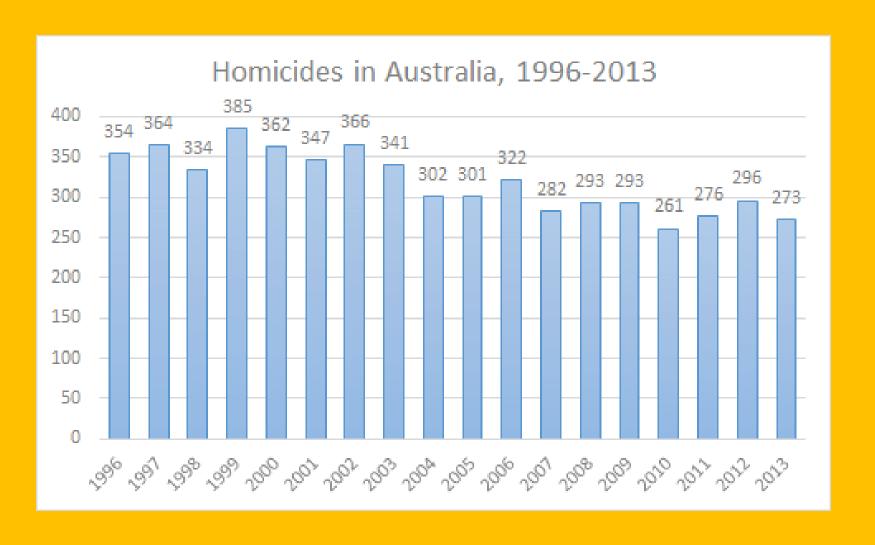
John Oliver - Australia

- Part I
- Part II
- Part III

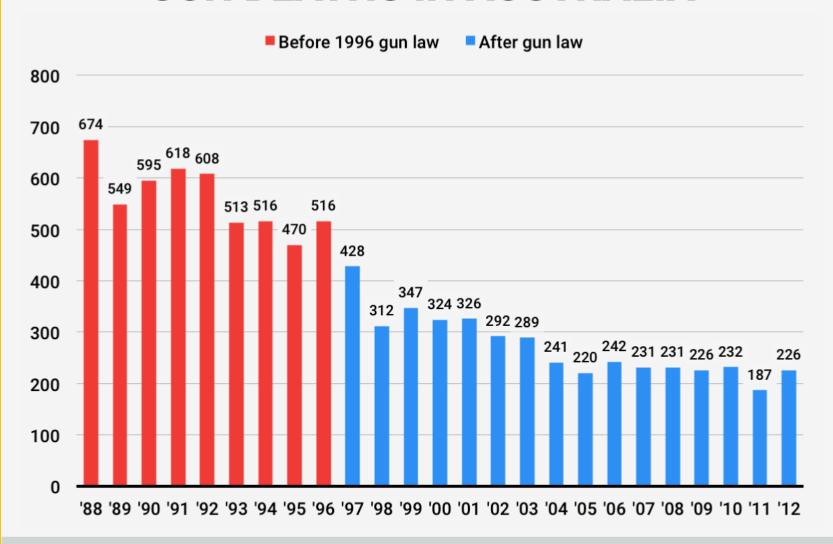
2nd Amendment

Can we do the same thing as Australia?

Is the 2nd Amendment the only thing standing in the way?

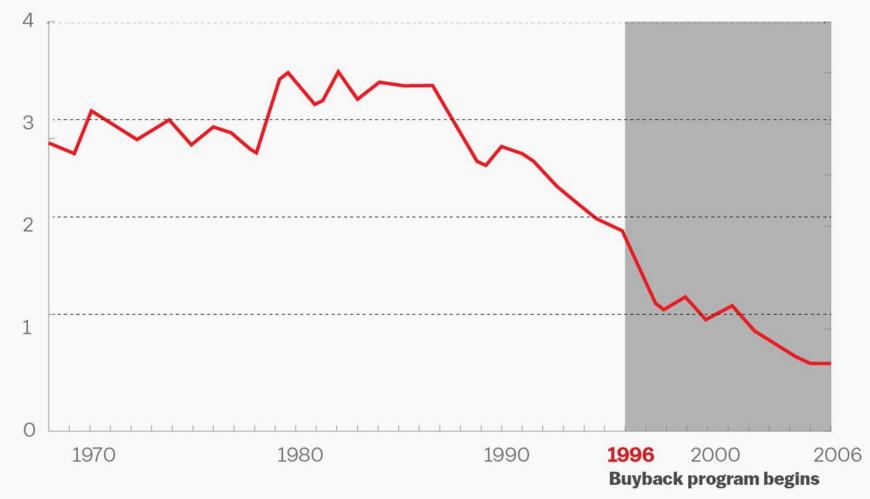


GUN DEATHS IN AUSTRALIA



Rate of firearm suicides after Australia's gun buyback program

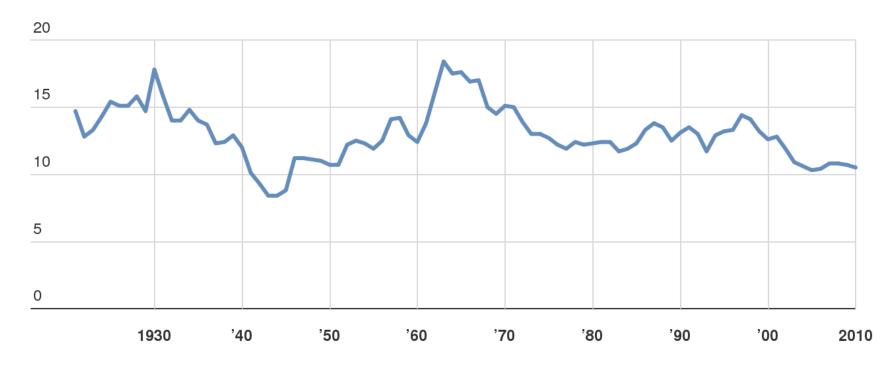
Firearm suicides per 100,000 residents





Historical rate of death by suicide per 100,000 people, 1921 - 2010

Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare



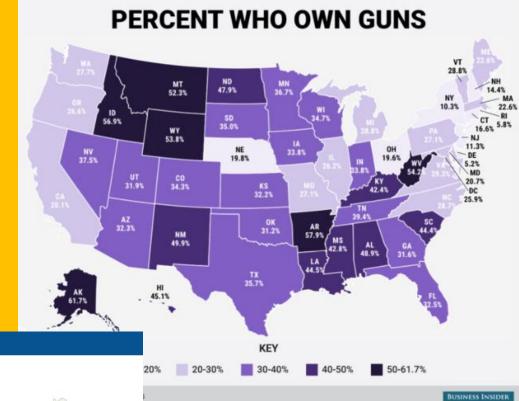
 https://www.pbs.org/wgbh/frontline/film/gu nned-down/

2nd Amendment Cases

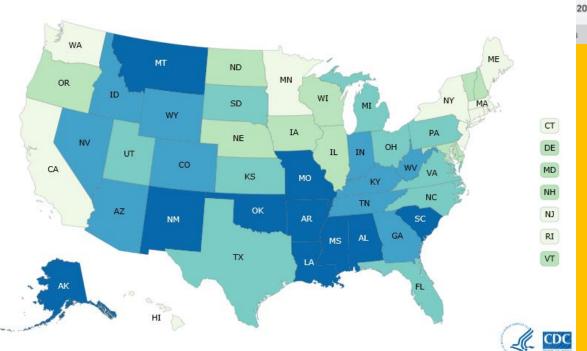
U.S. v. Miller, 1939

- Does the Second Amendment protect an individual's right to keep and bear a sawed-off double-barrel shotgun?
- Possessing a sawed-off double barrel shotgun does not have a reasonable relationship to the preservation or efficiency of a wellregulated militia, the Second Amendment does not protect the possession of such an instrument. (unanimous)
- District of Columbia v. Heller, 2008

McDonald v. City of Chicago, (2010)



ortality by State: 2016



14th Amendment

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.