

Aim: Why did people immigrate to the United States during the 19th century?

Do Now: Why do people (families) move from one place to another?

- **Immigrate**: come to live permanently in a foreign country.
- **Emigrate** -leave one's own country in order to settle permanently in another.
- **Migration** - the movement of individuals from one place to another

The Populist Party

- **Omaha Platform – 1892**

- Farmers
 - Government ownership of RRs
 - Coinage of silver
- Workers
 - 8 hr day
 - Limits on immigration
- Taxation
 - Graduated income tax
 - Reduce tariff rates
- Government
 - Secret ballot
 - Direct election of senators

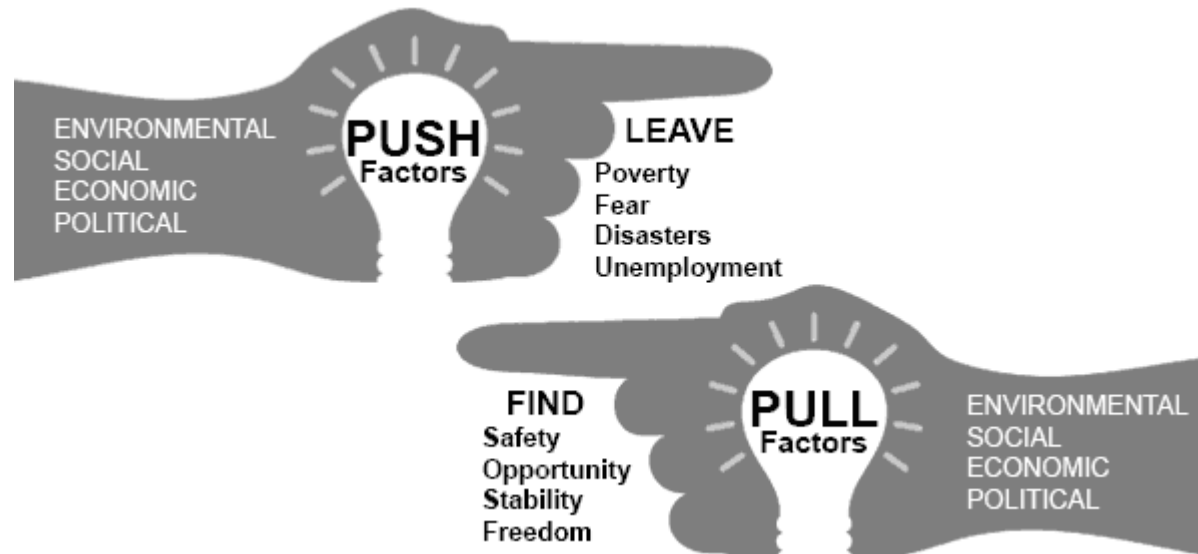
IMMIGRATION

PUSH FACTORS

- conditions which force people to leave their homes

PULL FACTORS

- something that attracts people to go and live in a particular place

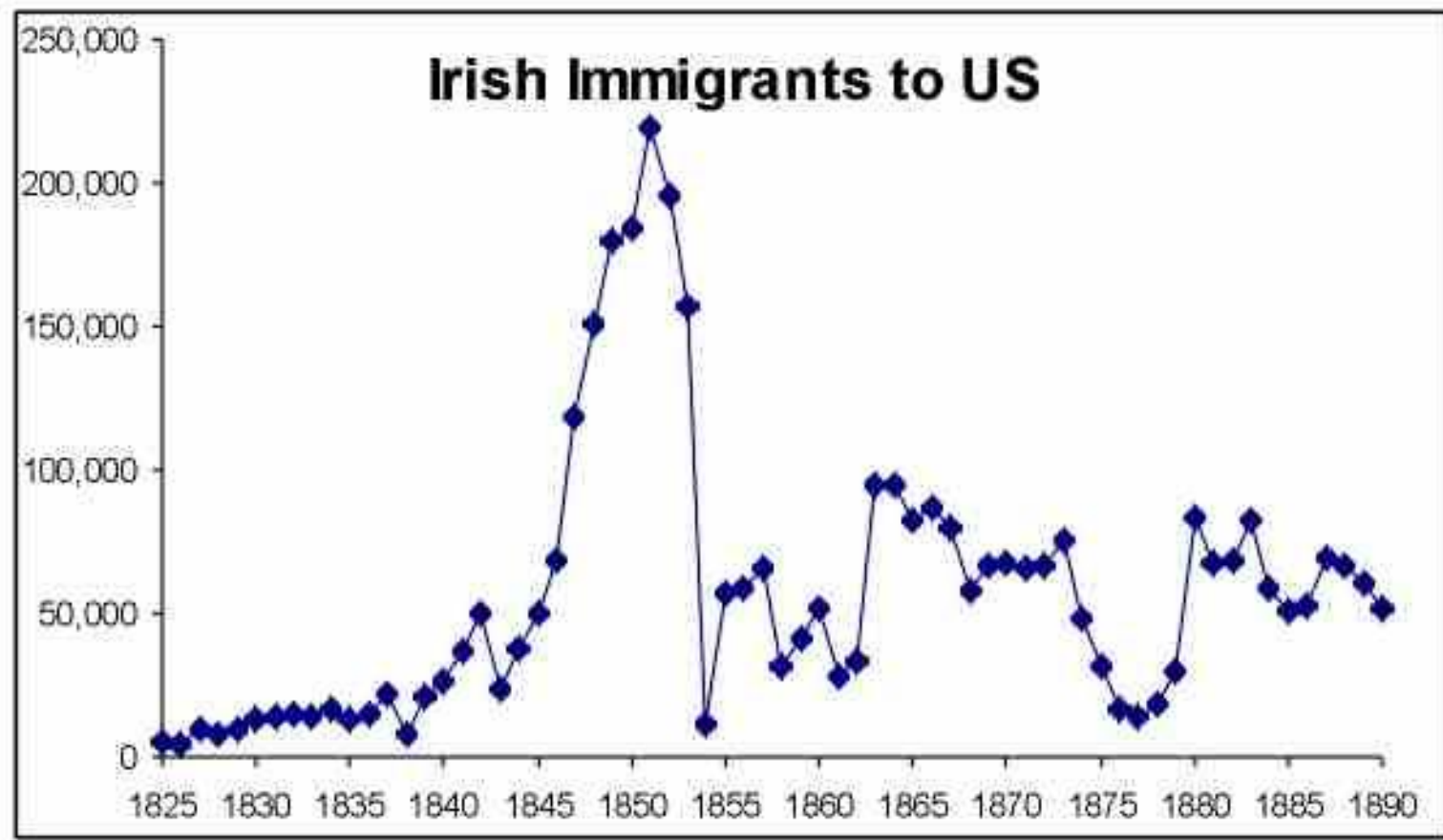


OLD IMMIGRATION

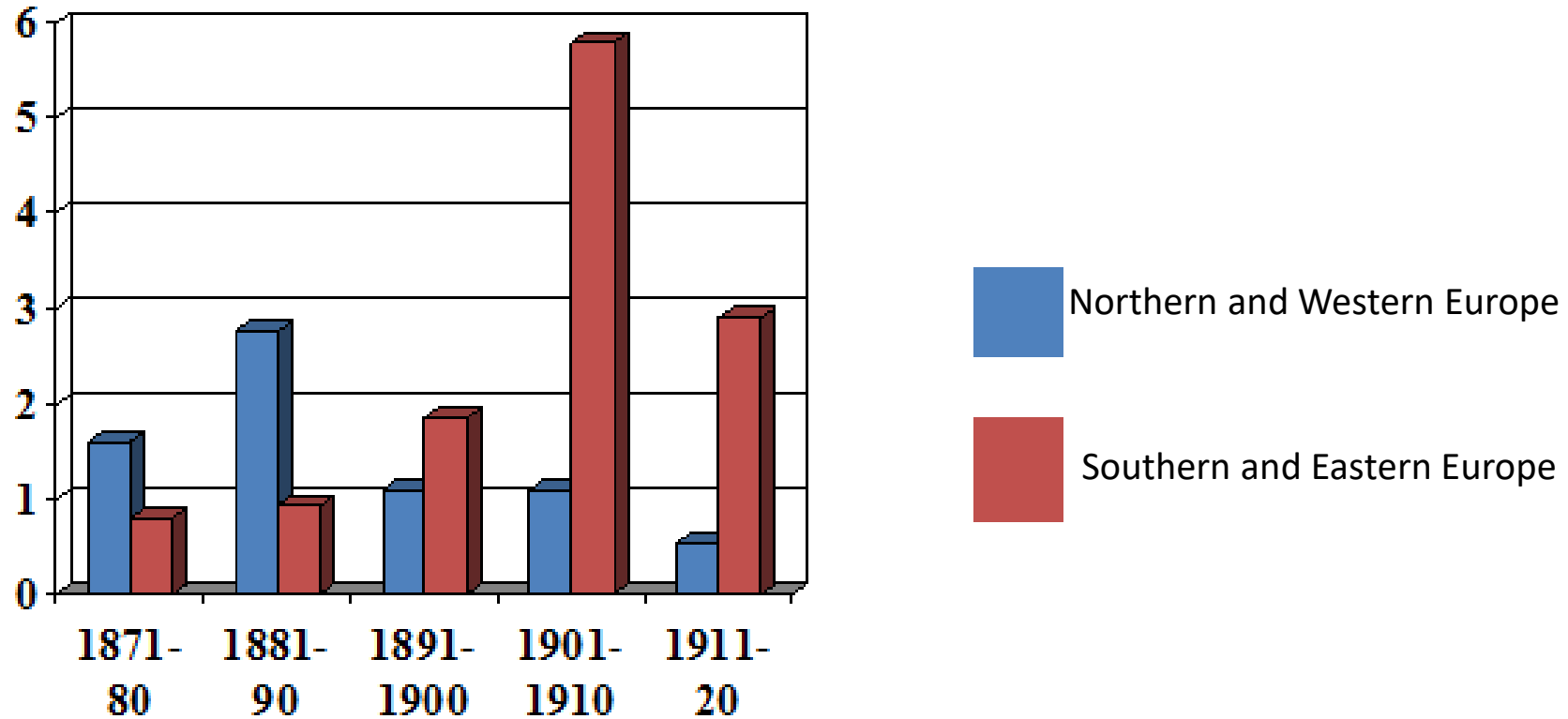
- Northern and Western Europe
- Irish and Germans

NEW IMMIGRATION

- Eastern and Southern Europe
- Poles, Russians, Ukrainians, Hungarians, Italians, Greeks, Turks



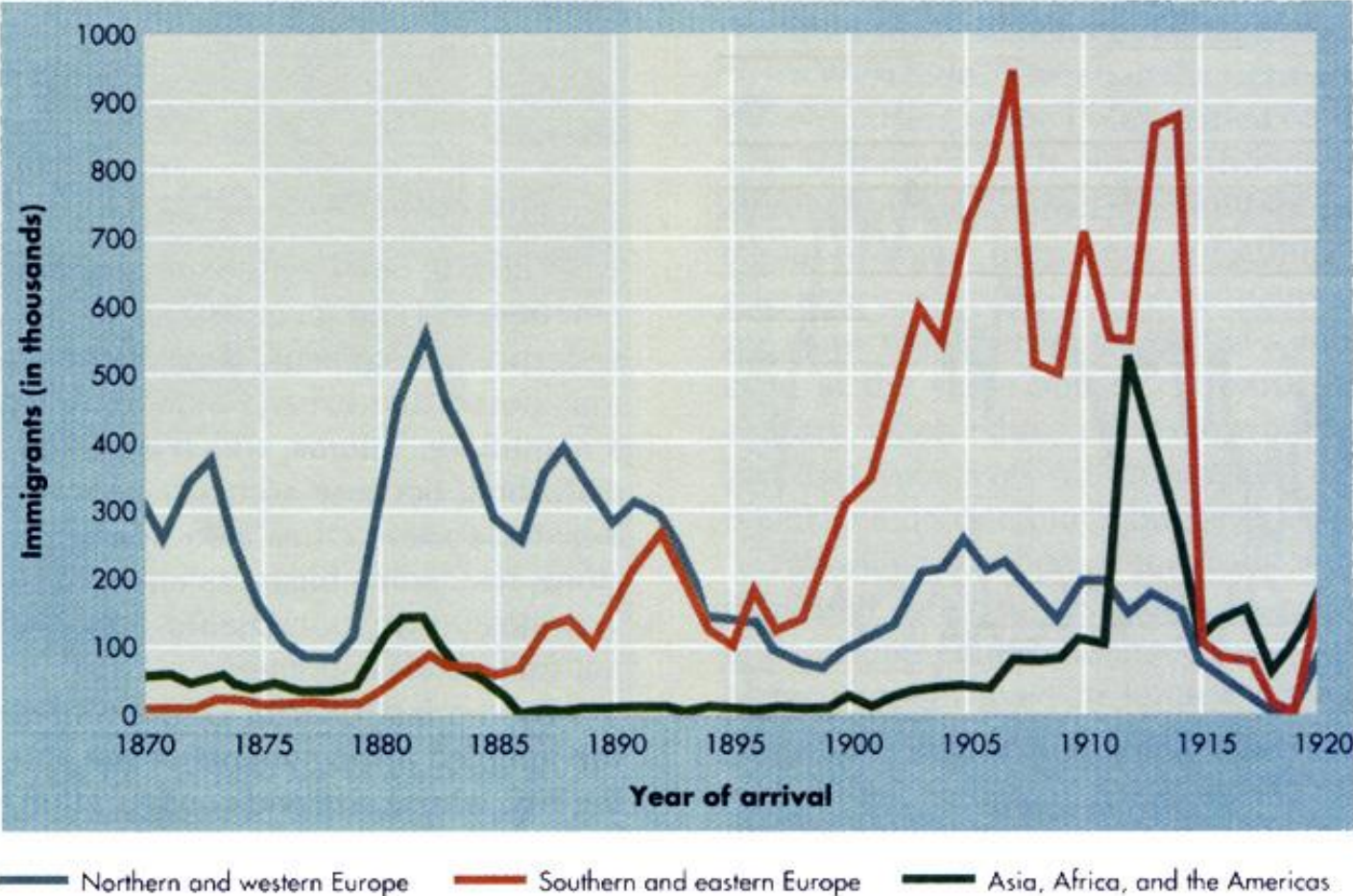
Immigration, “Old and New”



Old Immigration – Primarily from Northern and Western Europe (before 1890s)

New Immigration – Primarily from Southern and Eastern Europe (1890s to early 1920s)

Immigration to the United States, 1870-1920



Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census.