## Majority Opinion - Plessy v. Ferguson

We disagree with Plessy's argument that the enforced separation of the two races stamps the colored race with a badge of inferiority. If this be so, it is not by reason of anything found in the act, but solely because the colored race chooses to interpret it in this way. . . . Plessy's argument also assumes that social prejudices may be overcome by legislation, and that equal rights cannot be secured to the negro except by an enforced commingling of the two races. We cannot accept this proposition. If the two races are to meet upon terms of social equality, it must be the result of natural <u>affinities</u>, a mutual appreciation of each other's merits, and a voluntary consent of individuals. . . . Legislation is powerless to <u>eradicate</u> racial instincts, or to abolish distinctions based upon physical differences, and the attempt to do so can only result in <u>accentuating</u> the difficulties of the present situation. If the civil and political rights of both races be equal, one cannot be inferior to the other civilly or politically. If one race be inferior to the other socially, the constitution of the United States cannot put them upon the same plane.

According to the court, how can social prejudices be ended? How can they not be ended? Explain. Do you agree with the court's reasoning?

