

- **Do Now:** With all that’s going on in the United States today, the United States needs to follow Washington’s foreign policy advice and ignore other country’s problems”

Do you agree? Explain.

- **Homework:**

Due Mon 4/16 - HW#1 – Read Pages 809-813 Questions:

- Page 813 Qs 2,3 & 4
- Define: Axis Powers & Allied Powers

Did U.S. Foreign Policy during the 1930's encourage Axis Aggression?

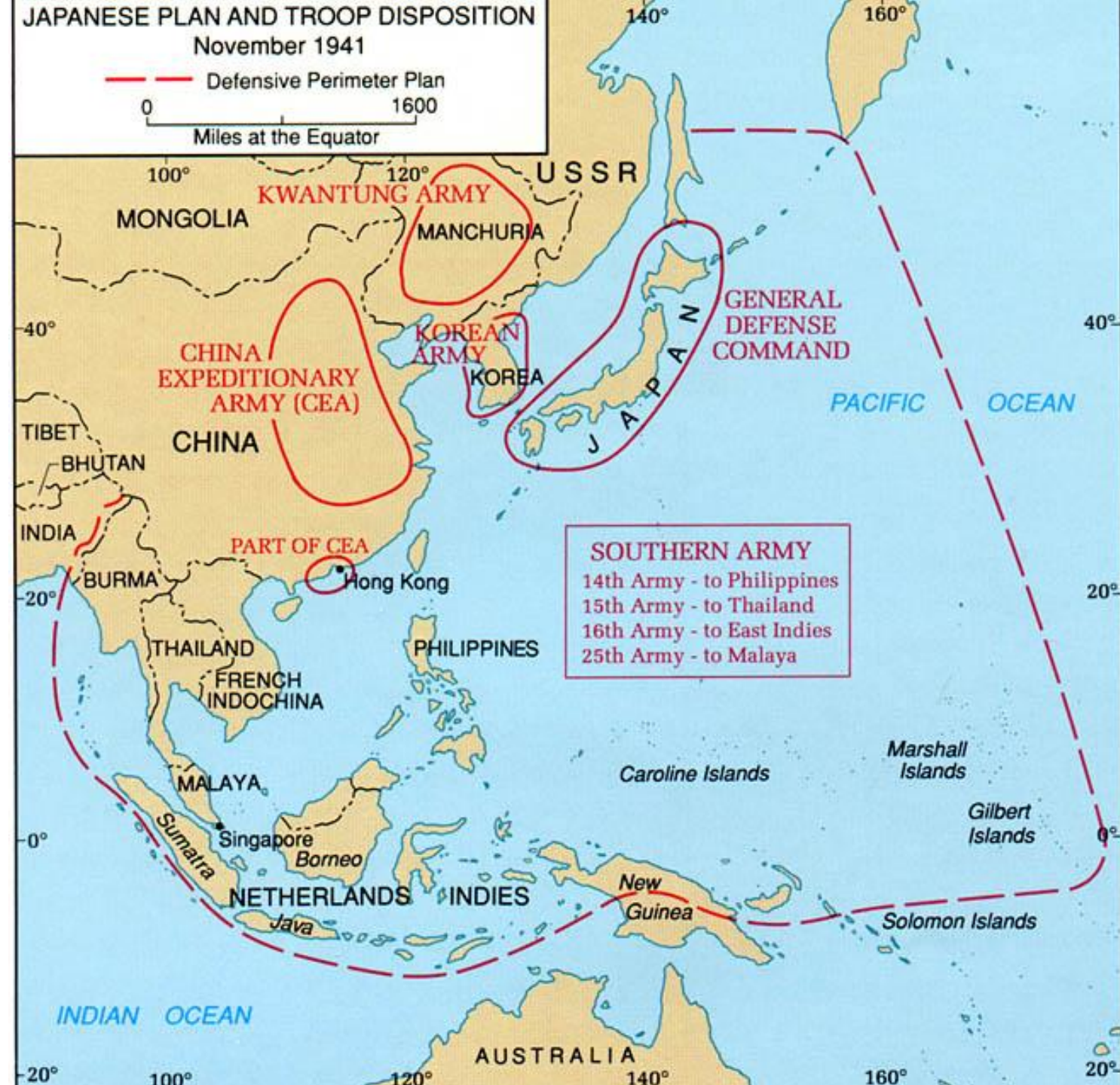
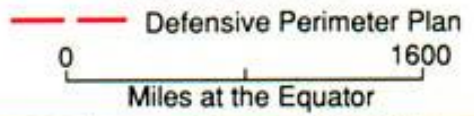


<https://wiiimaps.homestead.com/world39.html>



JAPANESE PLAN AND TROOP DISPOSITION

November 1941

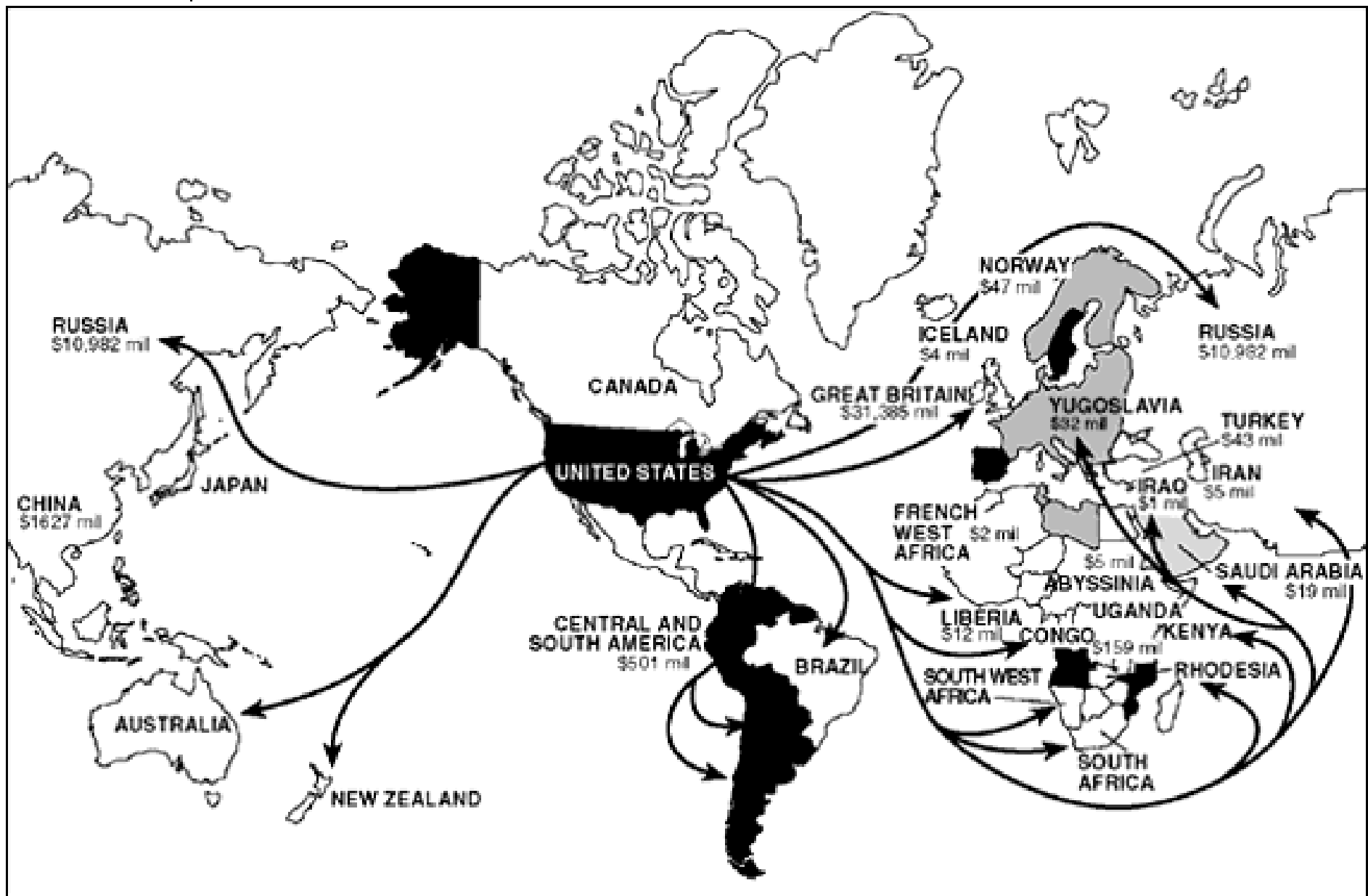


SOUTHERN ARMY
14th Army - to Philippines
15th Army - to Thailand
16th Army - to East Indies
25th Army - to Malaya

World War II in Europe 1939–1941



Lend-Lease, 1941-1945



U.S. Abandonment of Neutrality

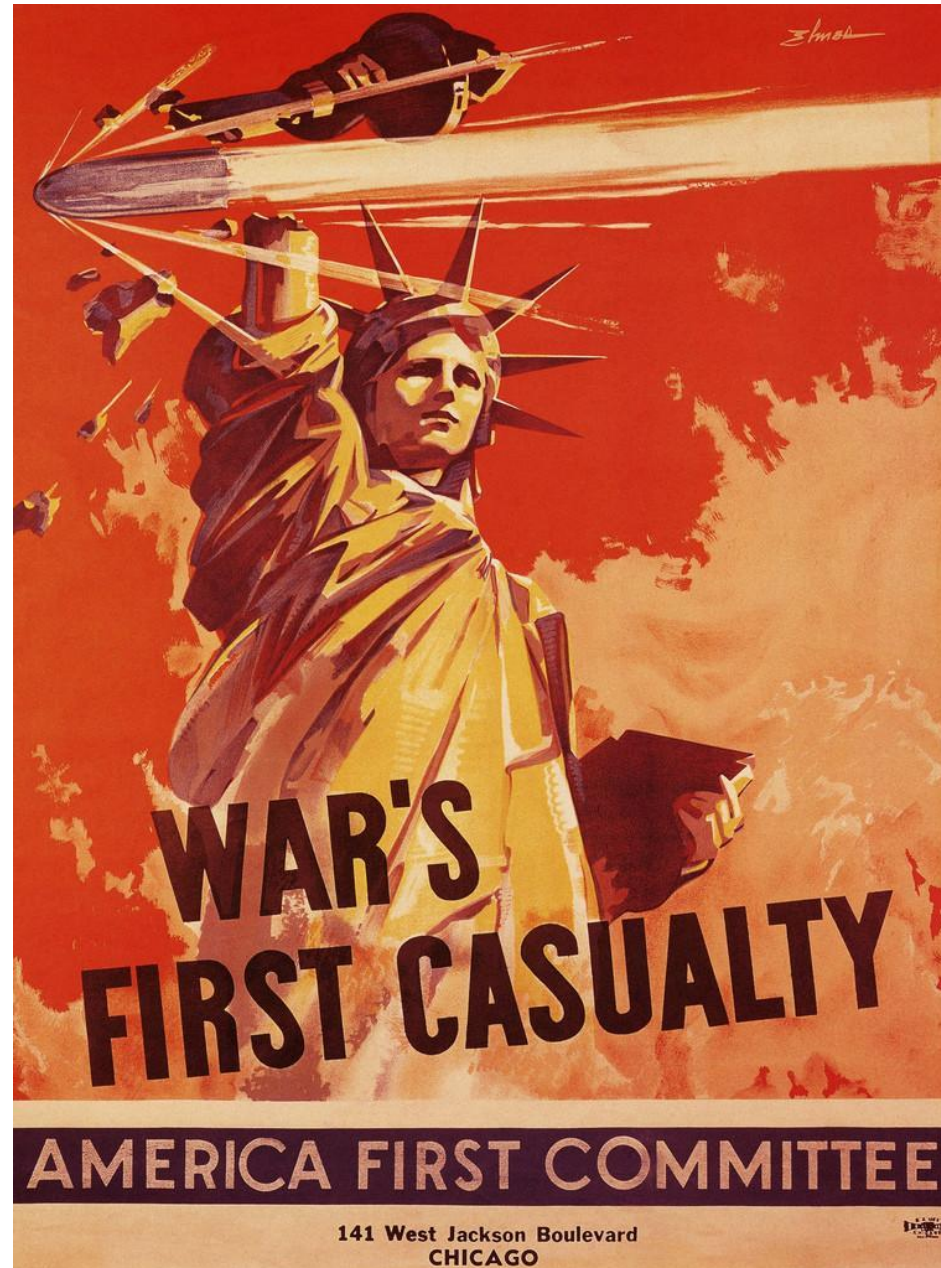
- Neutrality Act of 1939 (favored Britain and France)
- Destroyers for Bases (1940)
- “Arsenal of Democracy” (12/40),
- Lend Lease Act (March 1941) – “Arsenal of Democracy” (U.S. navy escorted British Ships)
- July 1941 - Embargo against Japan (No Steel or Oil), Shoot on Sight (Atlantic)
- August 1941 – Atlantic Charter – Post-war plans

Questions

1. What influenced Congress to pass the Neutrality Acts (1934-37)
2. At what point did the United States abandon its policy of neutrality?
3. At what point did the U.S. enter the war?
4. Did neutrality encourage axis aggression?
5. Is there such a thing as neutrality?

Opposition to U.S. Abandonment of Neutrality

- America First Committee
 - isolationist
 - Supported strong defense
 - Argued aid to allies would pull U.S. into war



U.S. Entry Into WWII

- Shoot on Sight (3/41)
- Atlantic Charter (8/41)
 - Wilsonian Principles in post-war world
- Japanese Attack on Pearl Harbor (12/7/41)

